

# Knowledge Organiser Design & Technology Year 2 Autumn

## Mechanisms - Making a moving monster



St Elizabeth's Catholic Primary School  
 "Love one another as I have loved you"

<b>Design criteria</b>	A set of rules to help designers focus their ideas and test the success of them.
<b>Evaluation</b>	When you look at the good and bad points about something, then think about how you could improve it.
<b>Input</b>	The energy that is used to start something working.
<b>Linkage</b>	Lengths of material (for example, metal or card) that are joined together by pivots, so that the links can move as part of a mechanism.
<b>Mechanical</b>	Something that can move because several pieces work together like a machine.
<b>Mechanism</b>	A collection of parts that work together to create a movement, eg: a bicycle.
<b>Output</b>	Output is the motion that happens as a result of starting the input.
<b>Pivot</b>	The central point, pin, or shaft on which a mechanism turns or swings.
<b>Survey</b>	To ask a group of people questions about something and to use their answers to make improvements.

**Design** → **Make** → **Evaluate**

### Knowledge and skills covered in this topic

- ❑ Children will know that mechanisms are a group of moving parts that work together to make a machine.
- ❑ Children will know that there is always an input and output motion.
- ❑ Children will understand that a lever is something that turns on a pivot.
- ❑ Children will know that linkage is a system of levers connected by pivots.
- ❑ Children will know that linkage uses levers and pivots to create motion.
- ❑ Children will know the four types of movement.
- ❑ Children will know how to make linkages using card for levers and split-pins for pivots.
- ❑ Children will know which materials to use based on their characteristics.
- ❑ Children will know how to evaluate their moving monster against their design criteria.

### Prior knowledge

**Year 1:** To understand sliders and mechanisms, knowing how to create sliders for a story book.



**Rotary motion**  
 Movement in a circular motion.



**Reciprocating motion**  
 Movement in a straight line, back and forth, in any direction.



**Oscillating motion**  
 Movement in a curve, back and forth.



**Linear motion**  
 Movement in a straight line in any one direction.

